

# CONSERVATION POTENTIAL ASSESSMENT RESULTS

WORK COMPLETED IN SUMMER OF 2024



CADMUS



# Agenda

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Project Overview

CPA Results

DRPA Results

Next Steps

Questions



# PROJECT OVERVIEW

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# Project Background

Since 2018, BPA assesses conservation with other supply side resources in the Resource Program.

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The Resource Program examines uncertainty in loads and resources to develop a least-cost portfolio of resources that meet BPA's obligations.

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Conservation is selected based on BPA's need, availability, and cost.

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Conservation develops estimates of EE and DR resources for Resource Program.

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Ensures all potential conservation is included and evaluated against competing alternatives.

# 2024 Resource Program Update

## 2022 Resource Program

2024-2043  
(2021 CPA)

## 2024 Resource Program

2026-2045  
(2023 CPA)

Updated BPA Forecasts  
New Climate Data Changes  
Geographical Regions  
Load Sensitivities  
EE and DR Assumptions Updates

# Types of Potential



# Conservation Potential Assessment

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# CPA Project Goals

Develop **20-year estimates** of technical and achievable conservation potential in BPA's service territory  
**(2026 – 2045)**

Produce conservation **supply curves** for use in BPA's **Resource Program modeling**



# Methodology Overview

## Customizations for BPA Supply Curves

Timeline and Stock  
Data

Geographic Split  
Mid-C / SWEDE

RTF Measures

BPA Load Forecast

Overlap with  
Demand Response

Costs & Benefits  
Aligned with  
Resource Program

Overall Goal: Used the best available data to customize BPA 2021 CPA supply curve files for use in BPA's Resource Program process

# Fundamental Differences with 2021 CPA

## Timeline shifted two years forward

- Two years further up the ramp rates used in the 2021 CPA
- Two years of load growth not in the 2021 CPA

Removed 2021 CPA Future Meteorological Year to Typical Meteorological Year adjustments from savings, converted to align with BPA climate forecast

## RTF measure updates

- Updated 24 measures with latest RTF workbooks
- Updated pre-rinse spray valve baseline rather than deactivating the measure

Geographic split between Mid-C and SWEDE regions

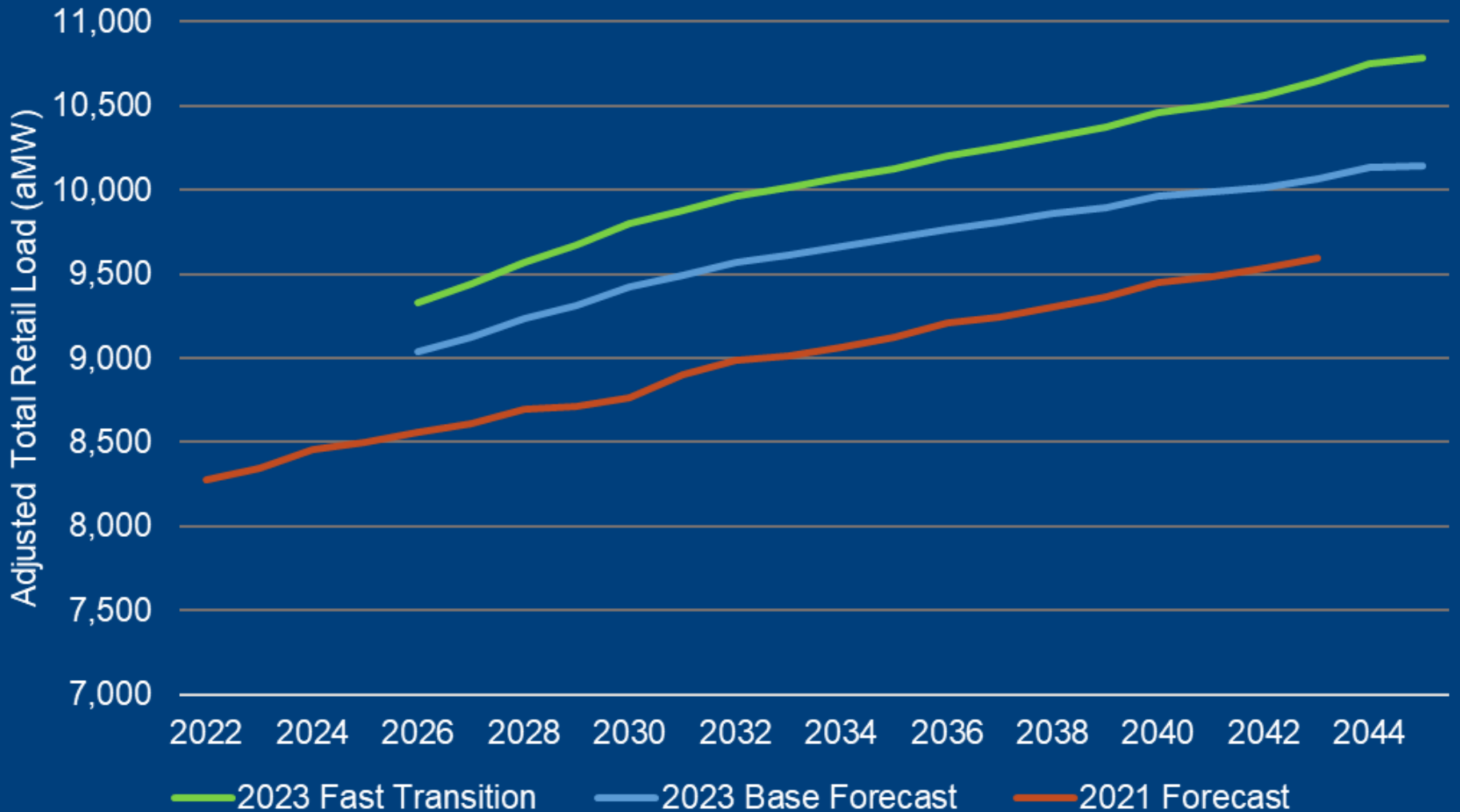
Used updated BPA forecast and sector growth rates

Developed Fast Transition scenario



These differences limit the usefulness of any direct comparison with the 2021 CPA results

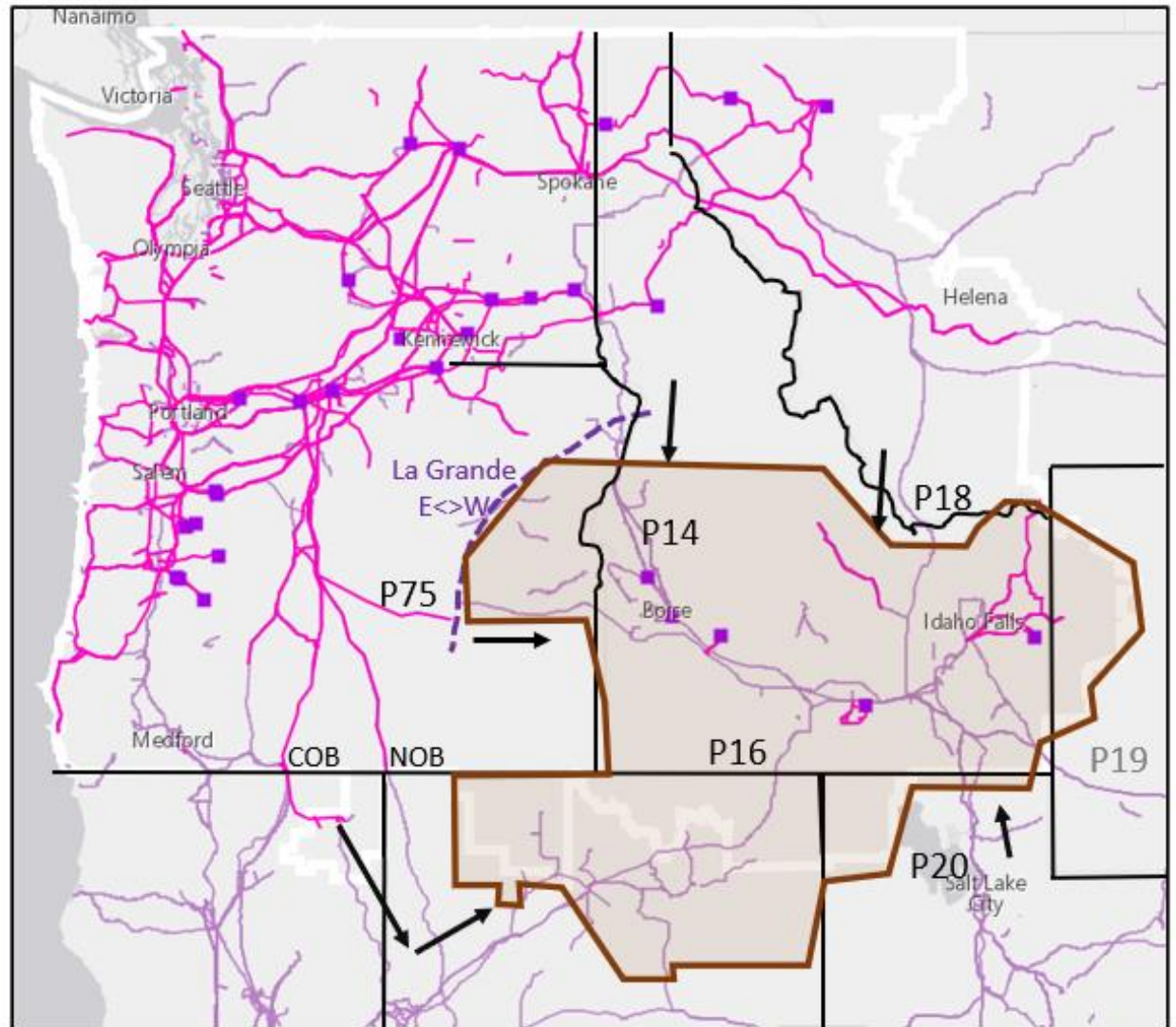
# Load Forecast Comparison



# Geographic Split

**Brown outline:**  
South/West/East  
Diversity Exchange  
(SWEDE) area

**Outside SWEDE area:**  
Mid-Columbia (Mid-C)





# OVERALL CPA RESULTS

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# Cumulative Potential – Base Case

BPA Sector	Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential (aMW)	
	6-Year (2026 to 2031)	20-Year (2026 to 2045)
Residential	431	1,129
Commercial	263	613
Agricultural	10	24
Industrial	120	257
Utility System Efficiency	68	73
<b>Total</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>2,096</b>

20-Year potential is approximately 5% lower than BPA's 2021 CPA, but there are important differences in the cost and timing.

# Cumulative Potential – Fast Transition

BPA Sector	Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential (aMW)	
	6-Year (2026 to 2031)	20-Year (2026 to 2045)
Residential	437	1,155
Commercial	267	630
Agricultural	10	24
Industrial	132	281
Utility System Efficiency	71	76
<b>Total</b>	<b>917</b>	<b>2,167</b>



**Relative to Base Case**

20-year potential increase of  
3.4%

# Comparison of 6-Year Potential

Sector	6-Year Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential - aMW		
	BPA 2021 CPA 2024 to 2029	BPA 2023 CPA Base Case 2026 to 2031	BPA 2023 CPA Fast Transition 2026 to 2031
Residential	345	431	437
Commercial	231	263	267
Agricultural	10	10	10
Industrial	117	120	132
Utility System Efficiency	15	68	71
<b>Total</b>	<b>717</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>917</b>

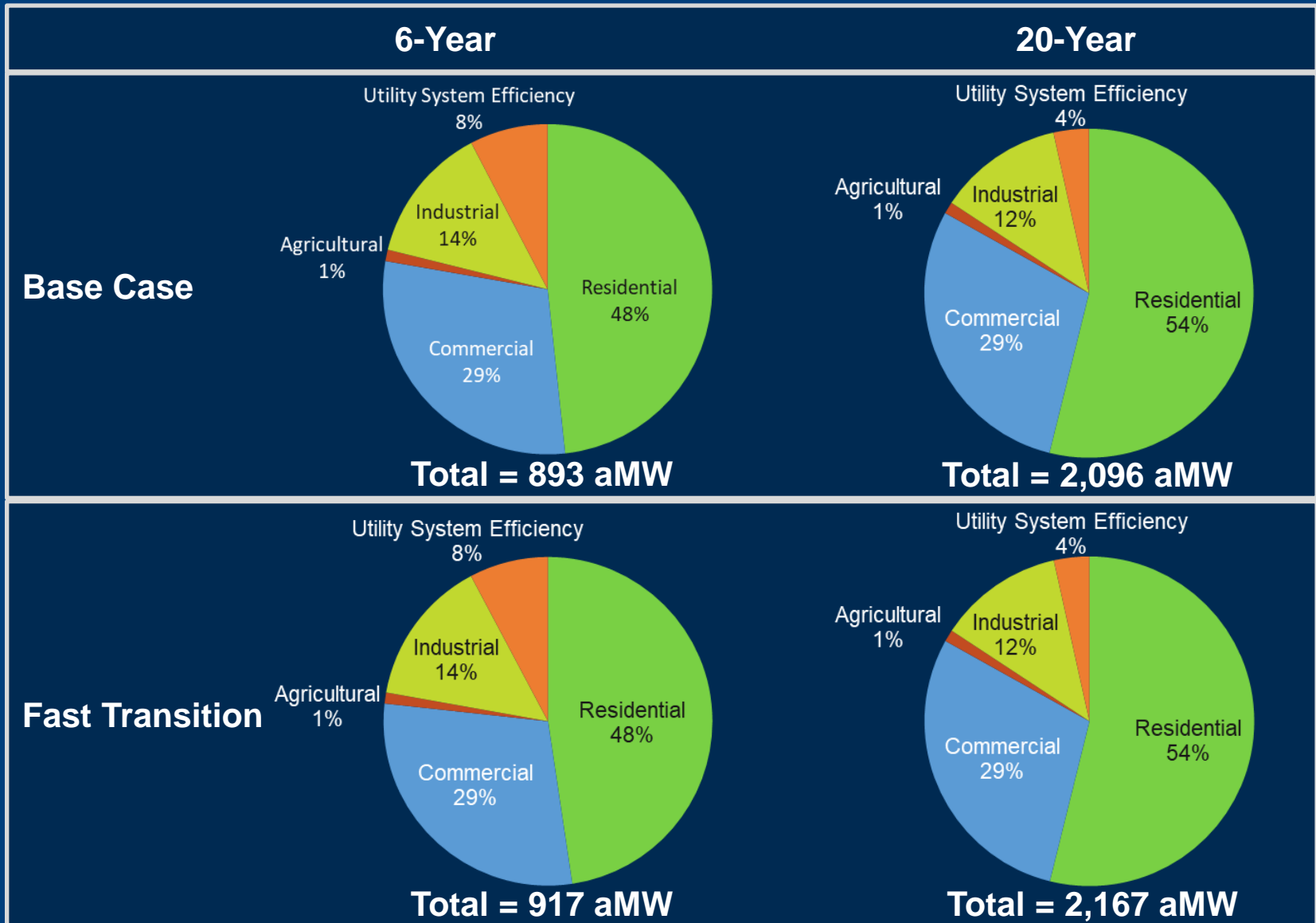


# Comparison of 20-Year Potential

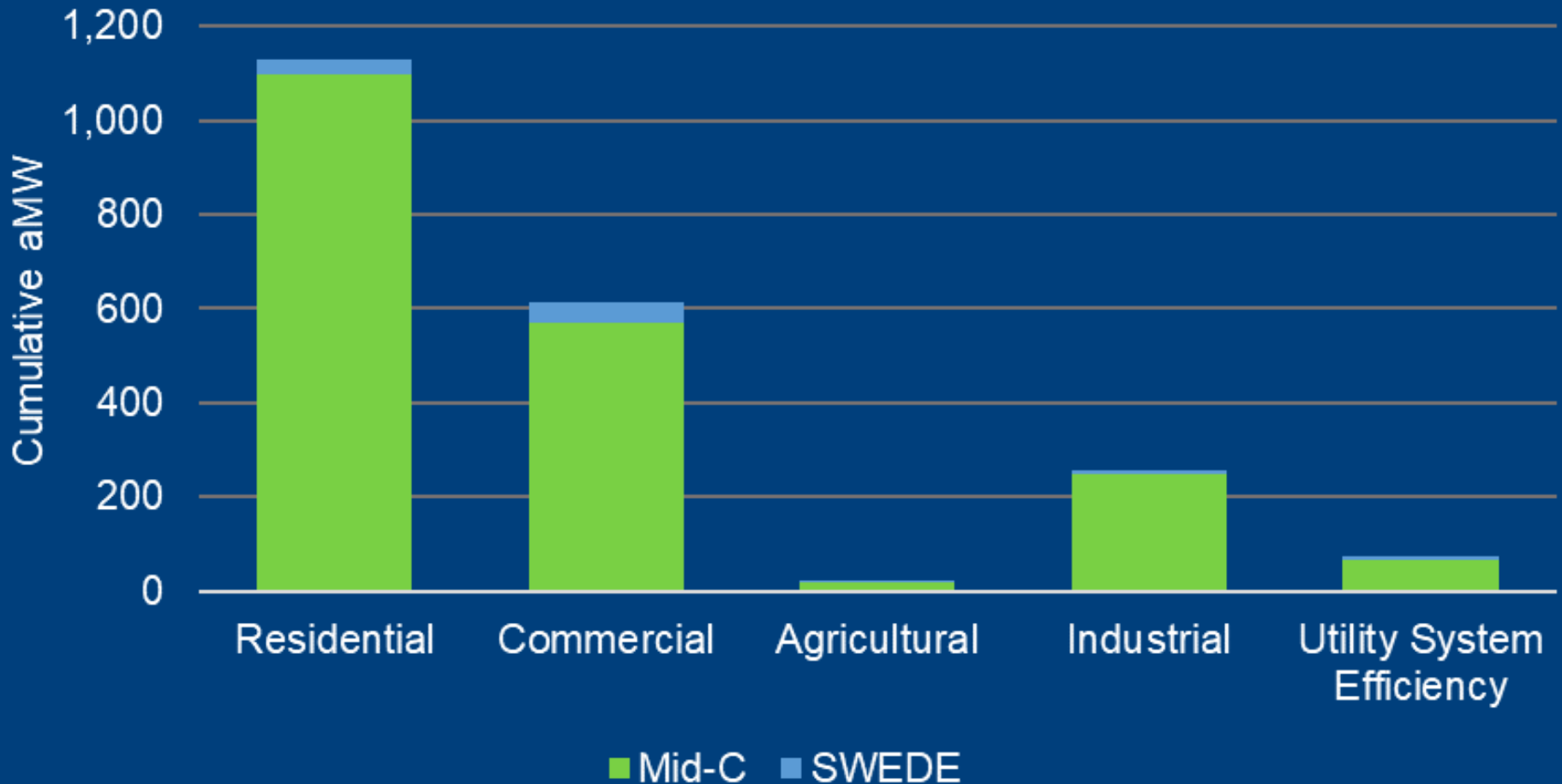
Sector	20-Year Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential - aMW		
	BPA 2021 CPA 2024 to 2043	BPA 2023 CPA Base Case 2026 to 2045	BPA 2023 CPA Fast Transition 2026 to 2045
Residential	1,155	1,129	1,155
Commercial	654	613	630
Agricultural	30	24	24
Industrial	288	257	281
Utility System Efficiency	80	73	76
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,207</b>	<b>2,096</b>	<b>2,167</b>

Relative to the 2021 CPA, the potential decreases due to captured accomplishments in 2024 and 2025.

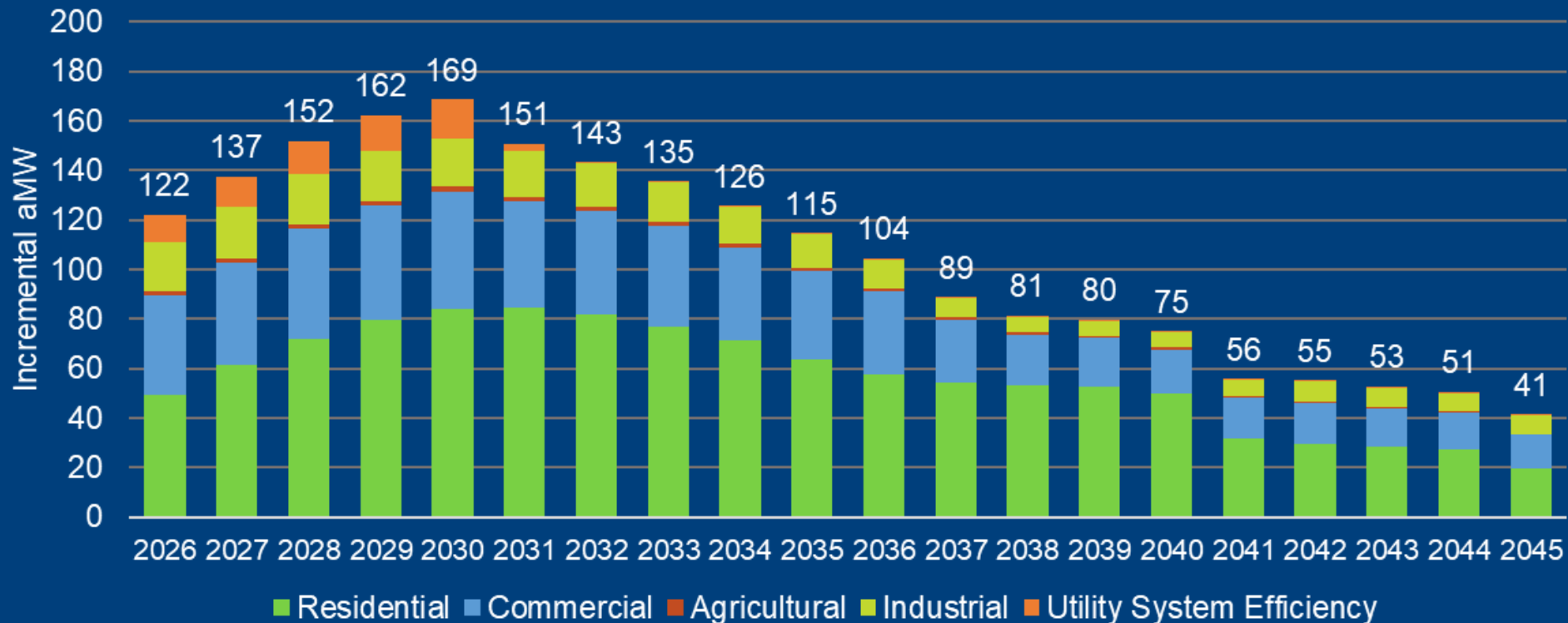
# Share of Potential by Sector



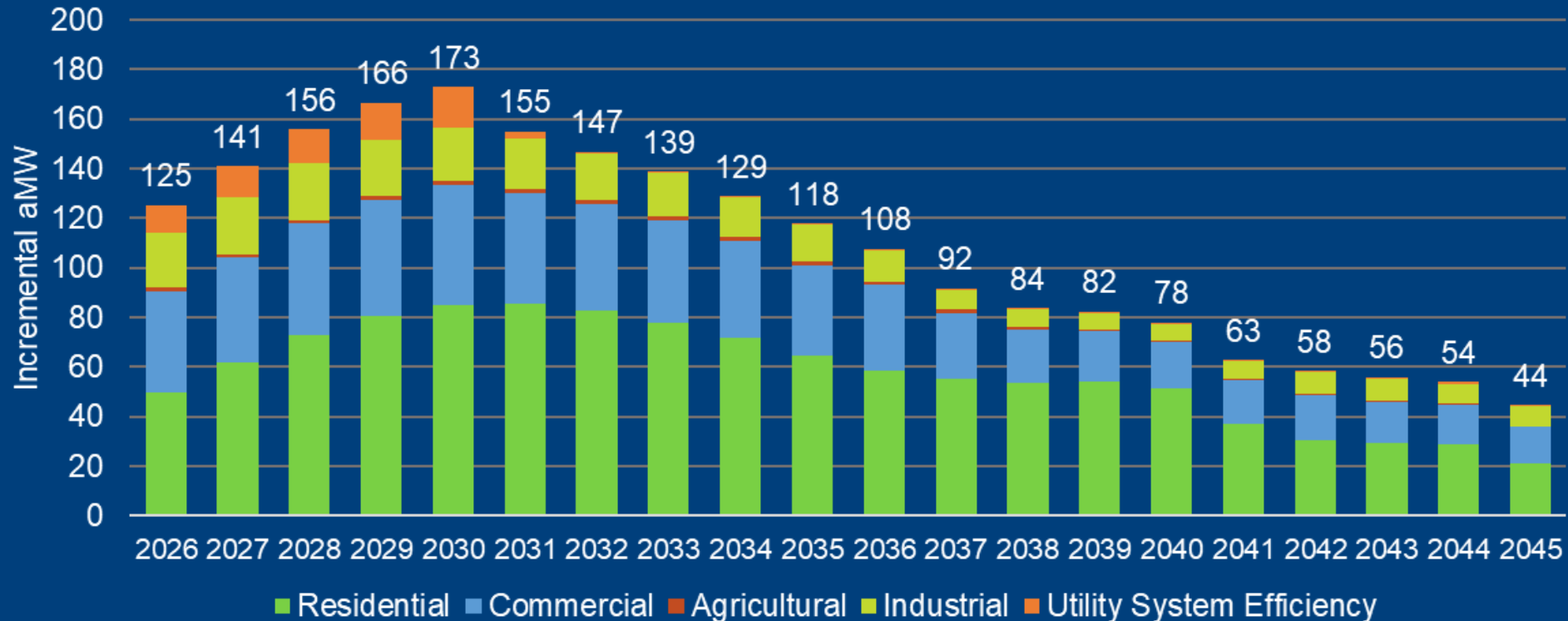
# 20-Year Technical Achievable Potential by Sector and Geography



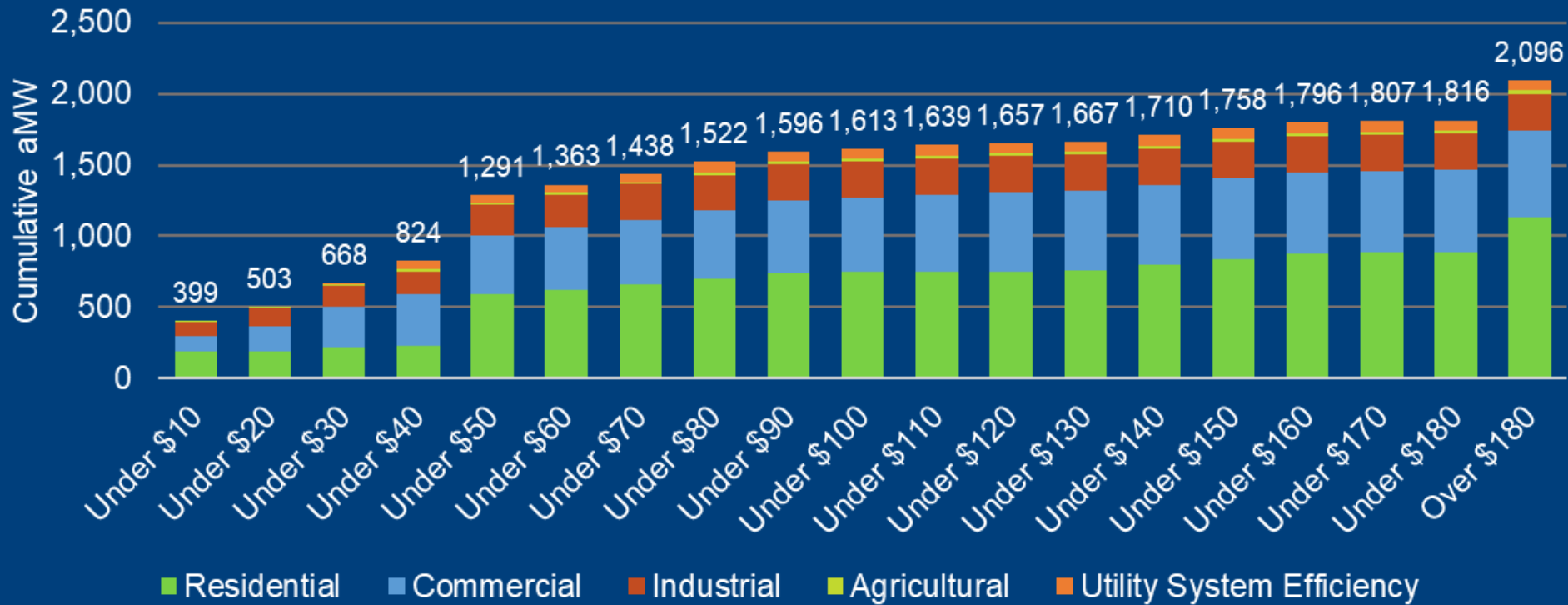
# Incremental Technical Achievable Potential Base Case



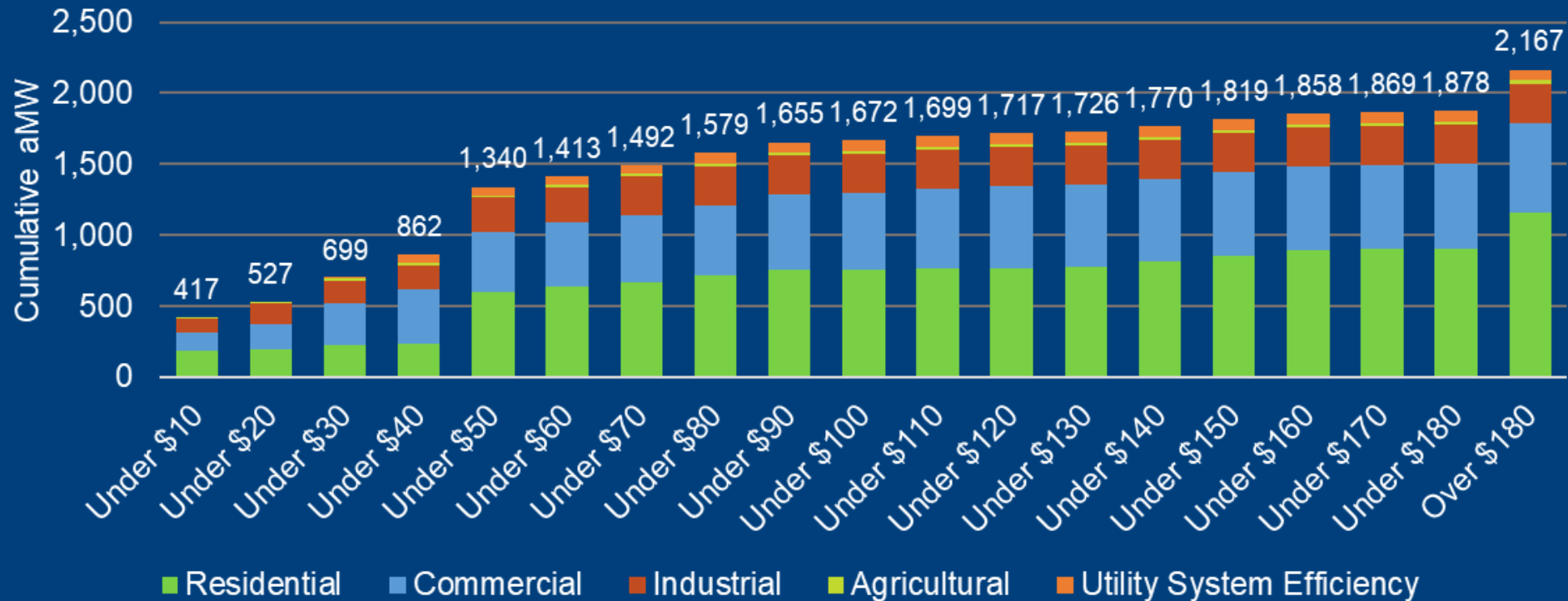
# Incremental Technical Achievable Potential Fast Transition



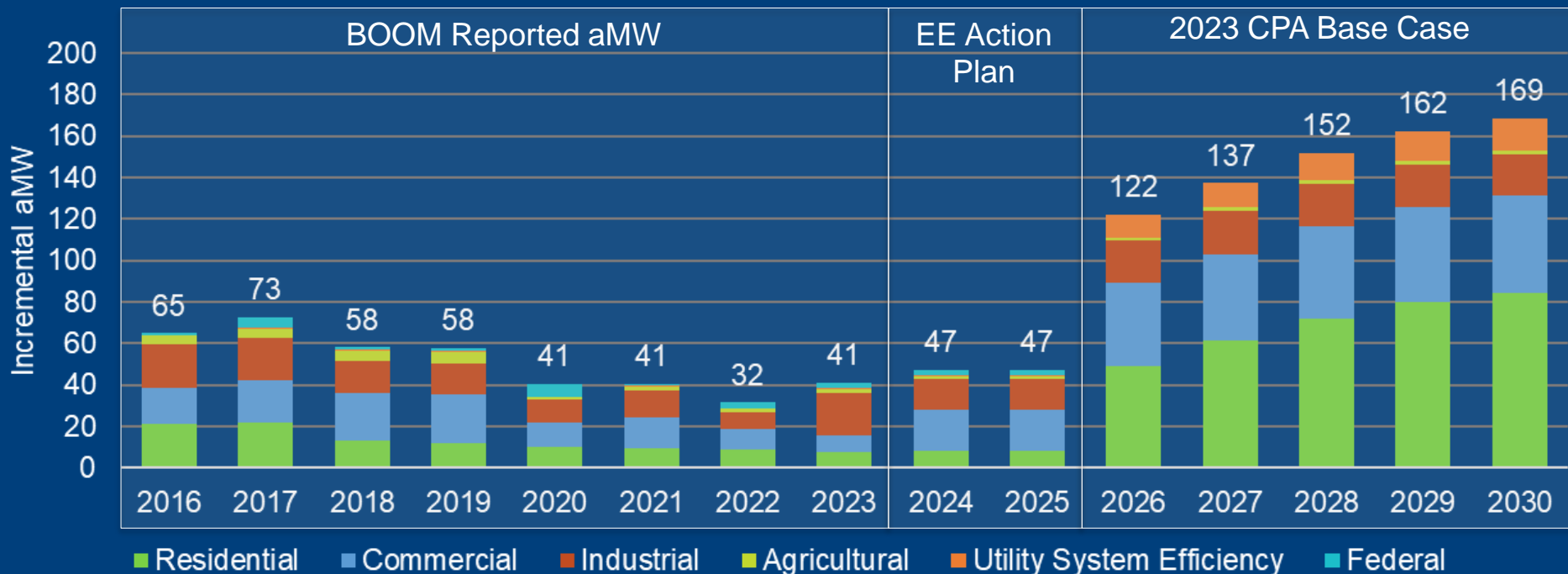
# Supply Curve – Base Case



# Supply Curve – Fast Transition



# Past Achievement vs. All Potential – Base Case

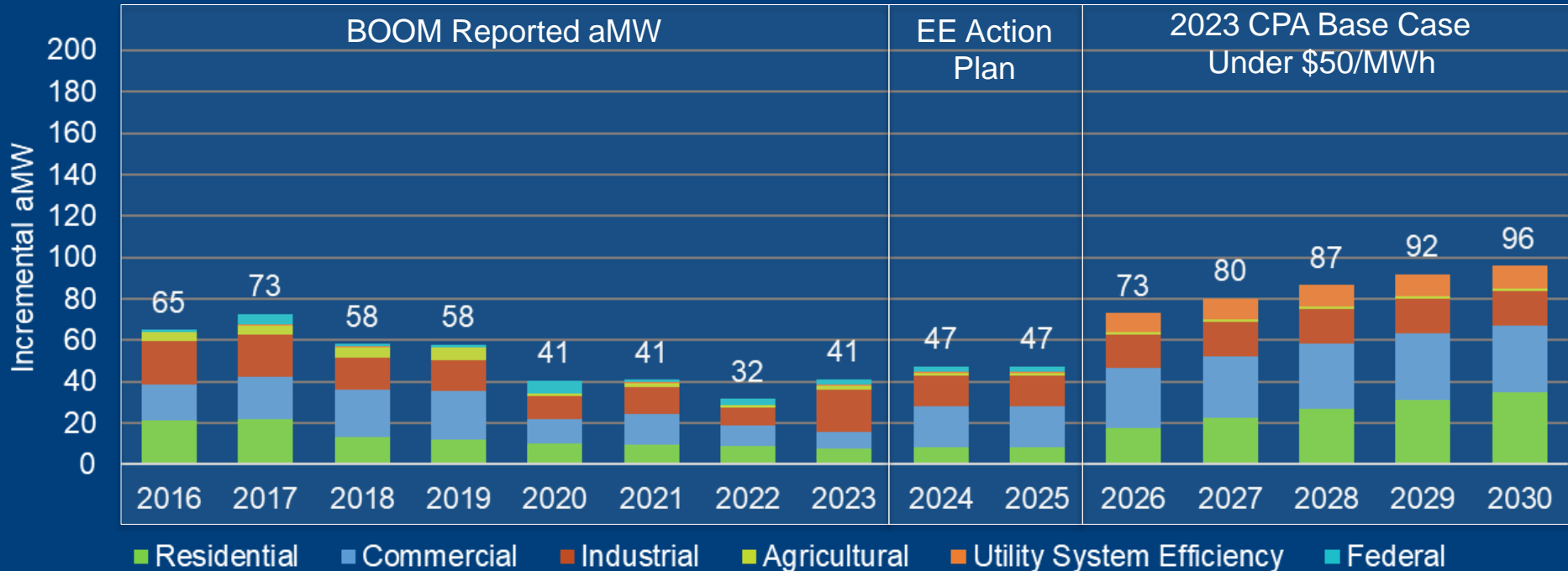


Note: Historical savings from 2016 to 2023 are based on the BPA BOOM report program savings whereas savings from 2024 to 2025 represent BPA's projected savings from the recent EE action plan. These savings represent both BPA-funded and utility self-funded program savings.



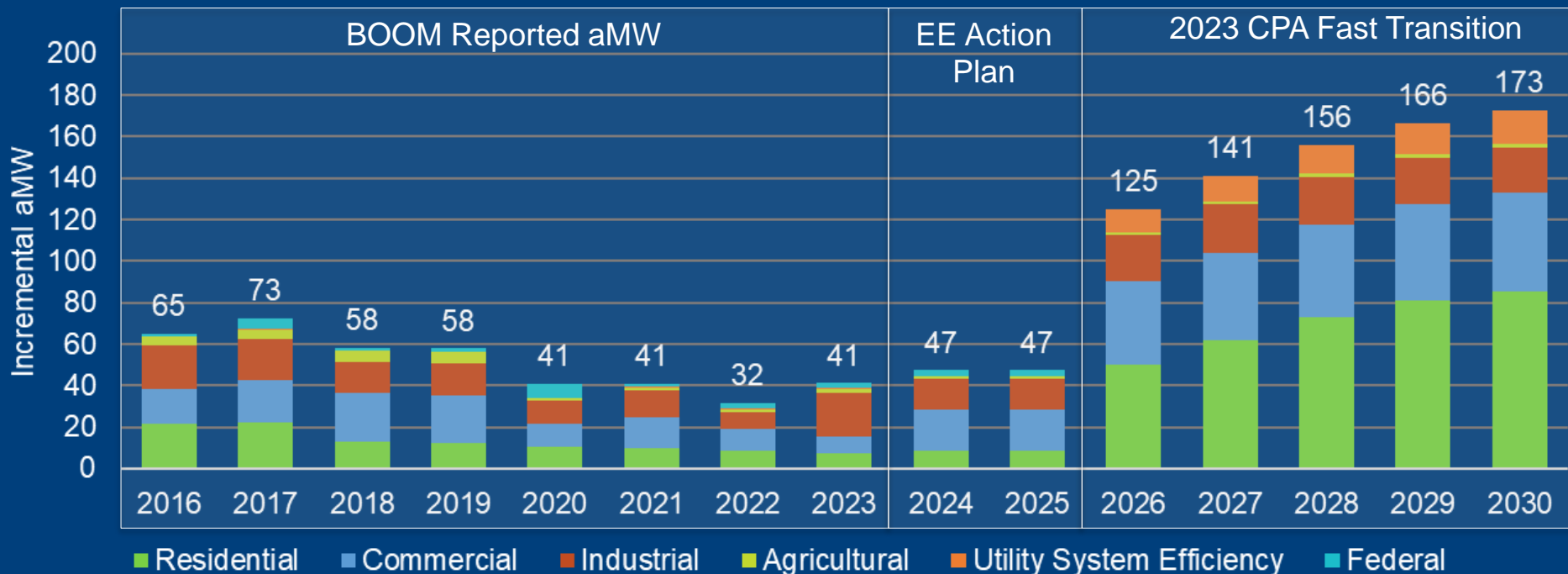
# Past Achievement vs. Screened Potential – Base Case

Potential Screened for < \$50 per MWh



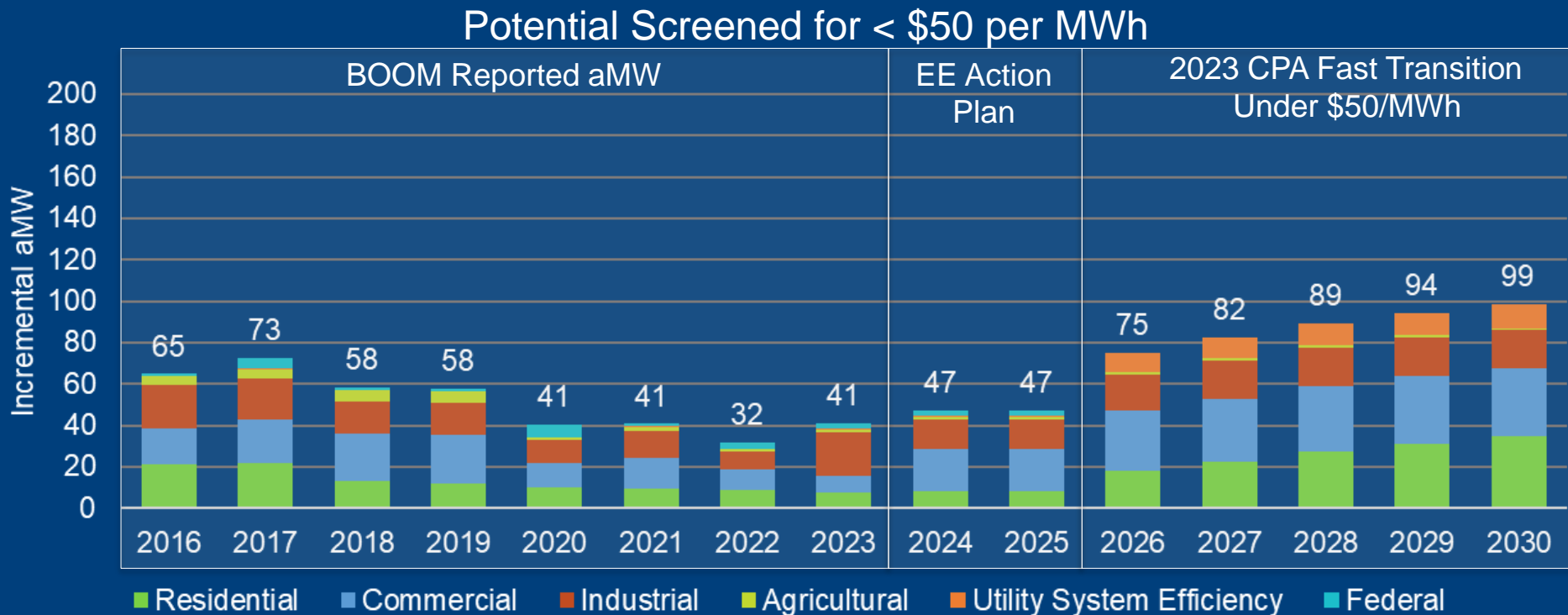
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# Past Achievement vs. All Potential – Fast Transition



Note: Historical savings from 2016 to 2023 are based on the BPA BOOM report program savings whereas savings from 2024 to 2025 represent BPA's projected savings from the recent EE action plan. These savings represent both BPA-funded and utility self-funded program savings.

# Past Achievement vs. Screened Potential – Fast Transition



Note: Historical savings from 2016 to 2023 are based on the BPA BOOM report program savings whereas savings from 2024 to 2025 represent BPA's projected savings from the recent EE action plan. These savings represent both BPA-funded and utility self-funded program savings.

# Comparison of 20-Year Potential Lost Opportunity Only

Sector	20-Year Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential - aMW		
	BPA 2021 CPA 2024 to 2043	BPA 2023 CPA Base Case 2026 to 2045	BPA 2023 CPA Fast Transition 2026 to 2045
Residential	652	716	733
Commercial	466	454	471
Agricultural	5	5	5
Industrial	122	116	125
Utility System Efficiency	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,244</b>	<b>1,292</b>	<b>1,334</b>

# Comparison of 20-Year Potential Discretionary Only

Sector	20-Year Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential - aMW		
	BPA 2021 CPA 2024 to 2043	BPA 2023 CPA Base Case 2026 to 2045	BPA 2023 CPA Fast Transition 2026 to 2045
Residential	503	413	422
Commercial	188	159	159
Agricultural	25	19	19
Industrial	166	141	156
Utility System Efficiency	80	73	76
<b>Total</b>	<b>963</b>	<b>804</b>	<b>833</b>

# Key Findings



Increased potential from RTF updates

Growth rate decreased new construction potential

Less irrigation potential

Lower motor-driven systems potential from RTF updates

30% CVR market split with DVR

Decreased potential from BPA climate forecast

Motor-driven systems add potential from RTF updates

SWEDE region comprises 25% of potential

Energy savings from DVR included



# SECTOR-LEVEL CPA RESULTS

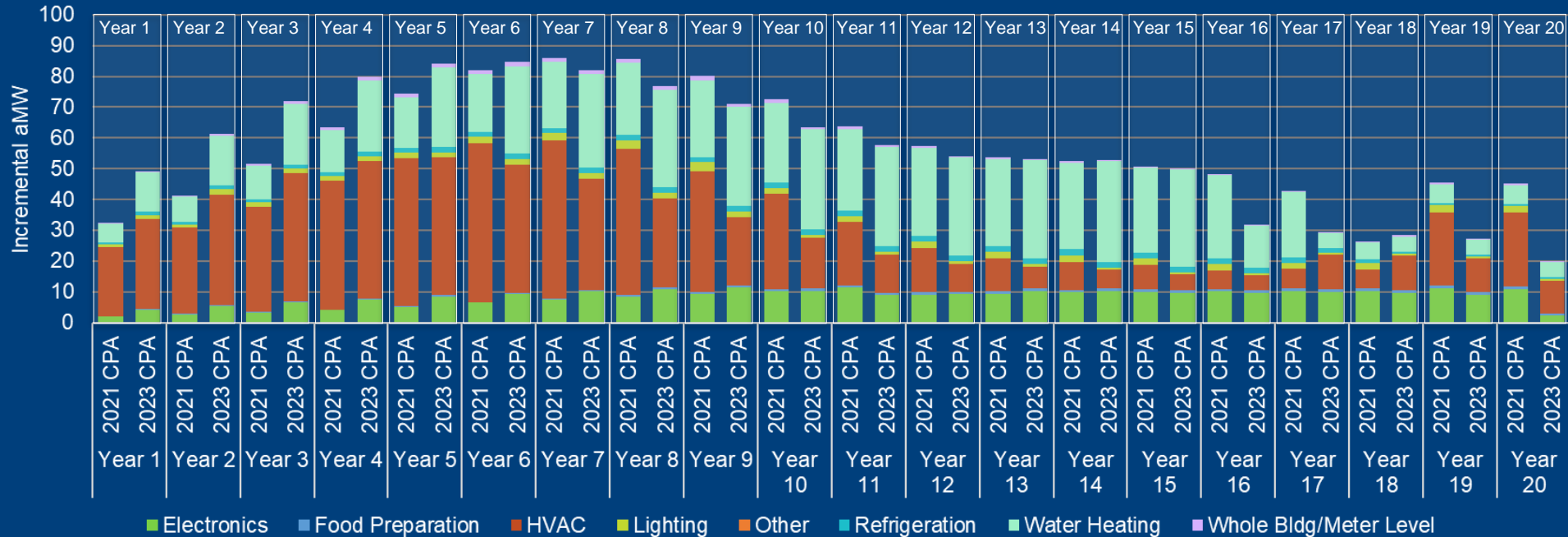
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# RESIDENTIAL SECTOR

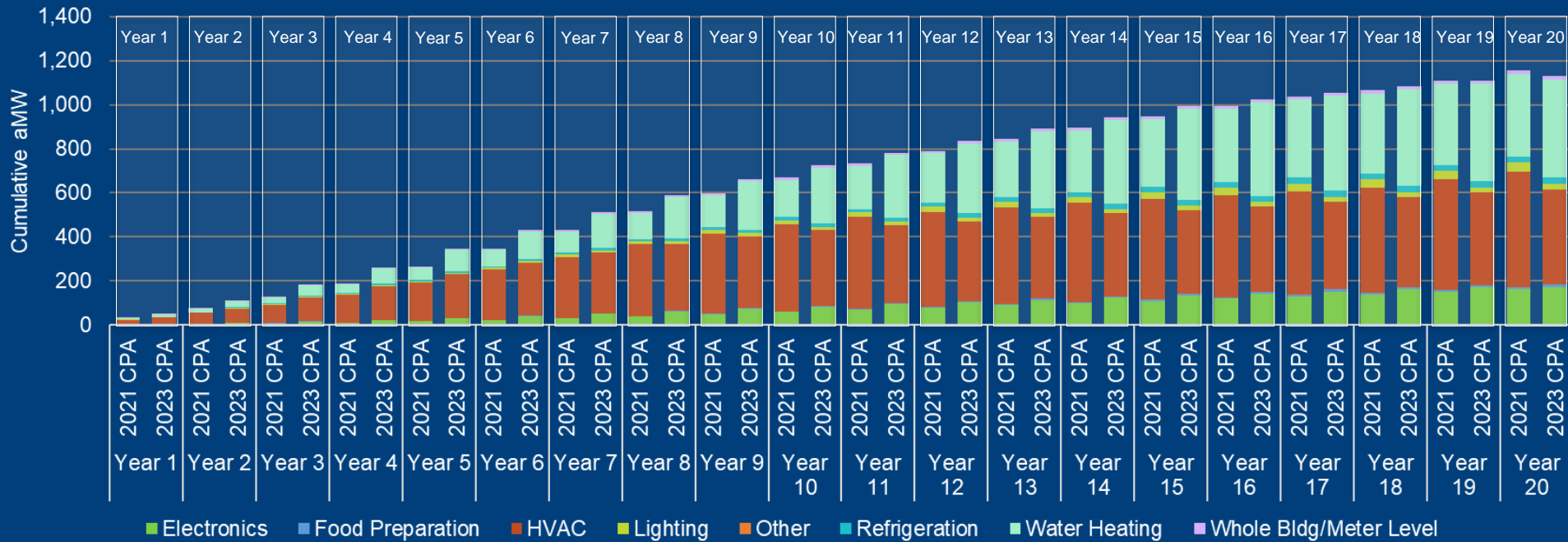
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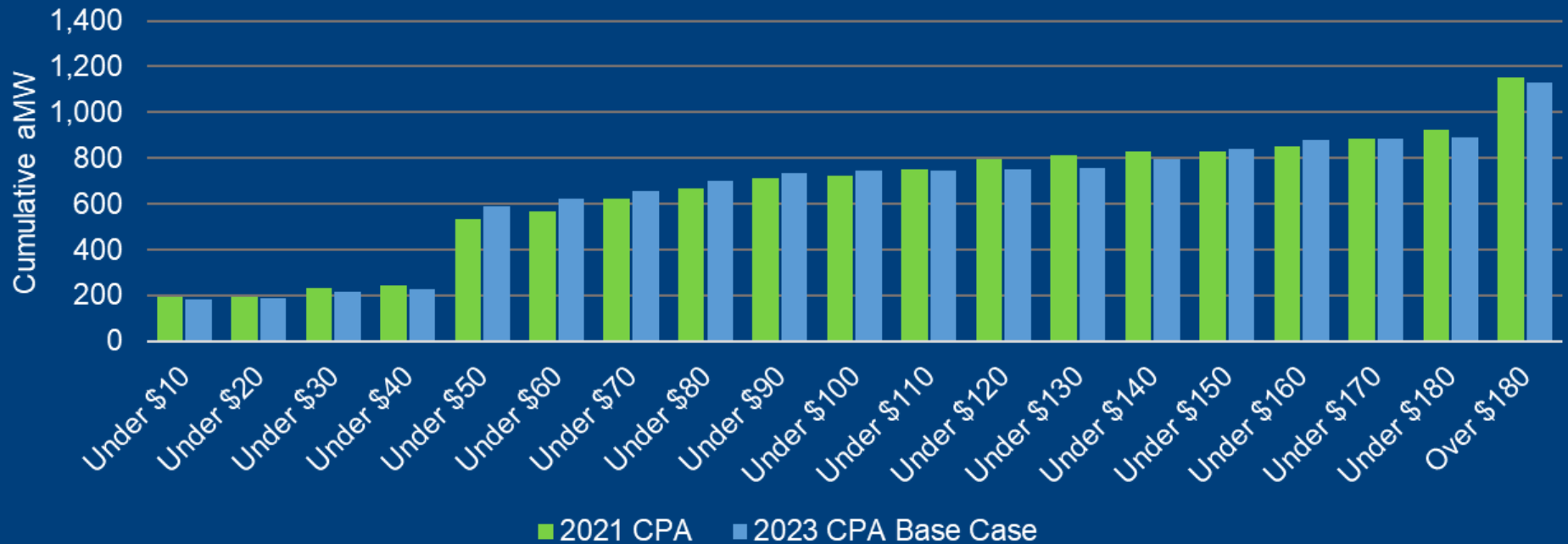
# Residential Technical Achievable Incremental Potential by End Use Comparison



# Residential Technical Achievable Cumulative Potential by End Use Comparison



# Residential 20-Year Supply Curve Comparison



# Residential Key Findings



## Cost

HVAC equipment and weatherization measures are \$\$\$



## Potential

BPA climate forecasts decrease HVAC and weatherization potential

RTF updates mostly increased potential

Less lighting due to rising baselines and standards



## Pace

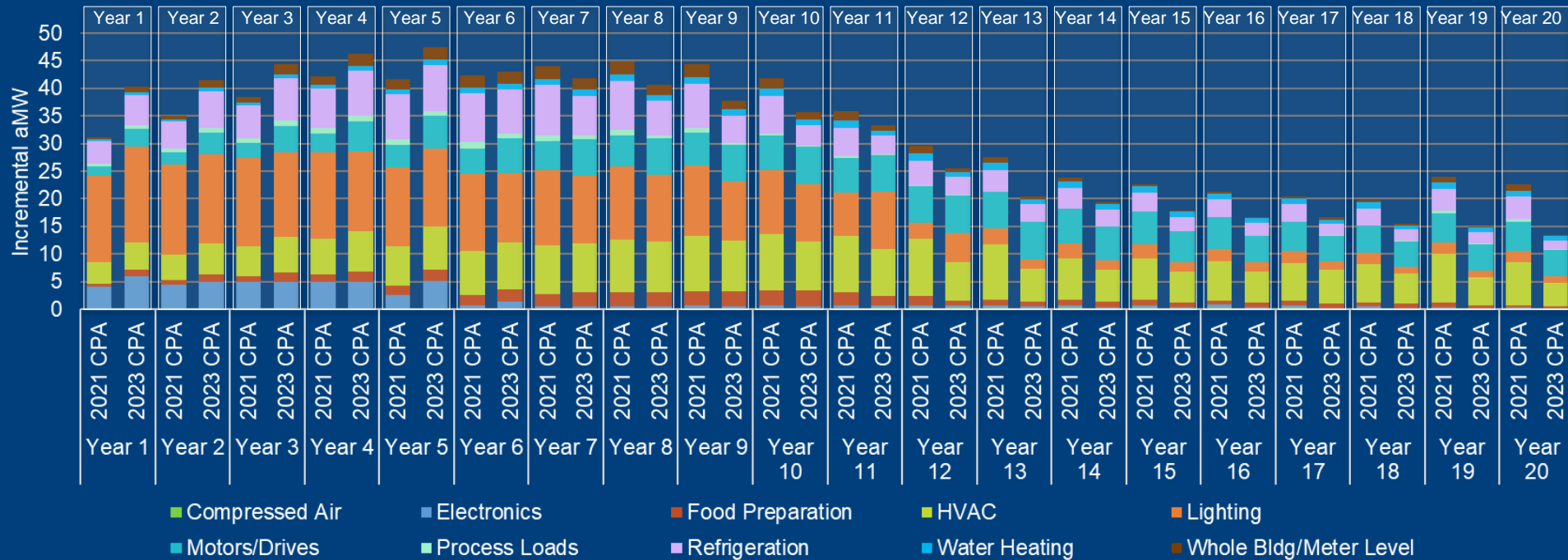
Less potential from high-volume measures

Discretionary measure potential decreased from 2-year ramp rate shift

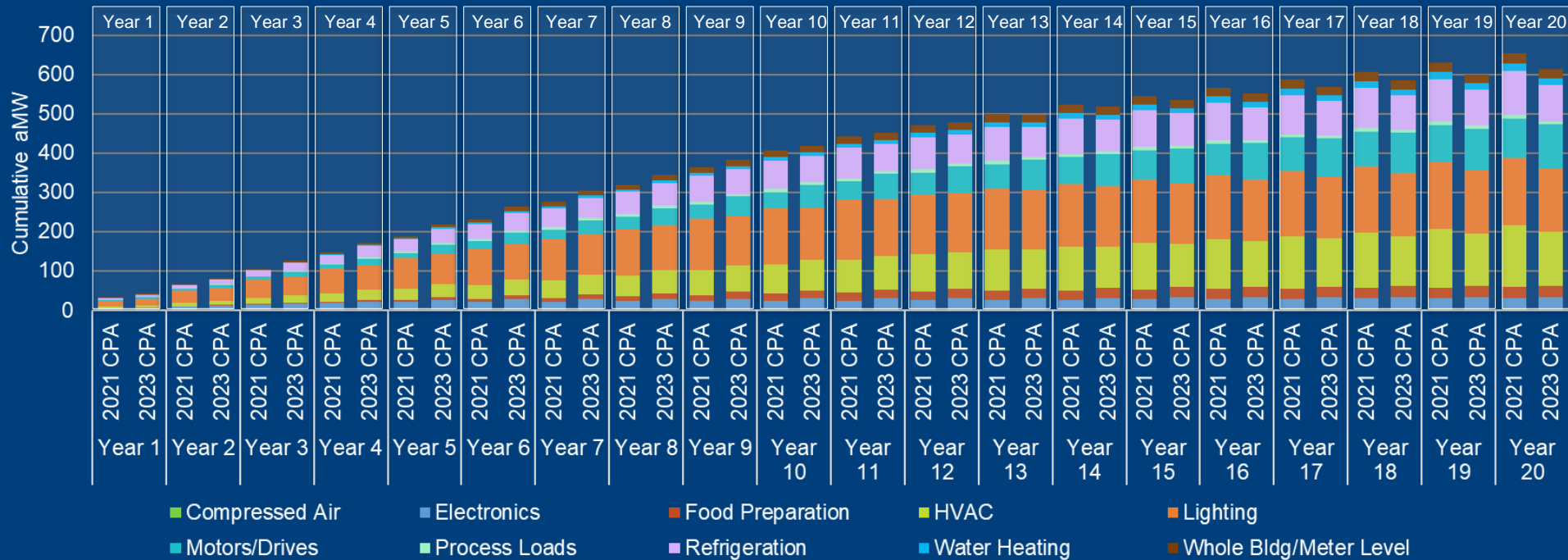
# COMMERCIAL SECTOR

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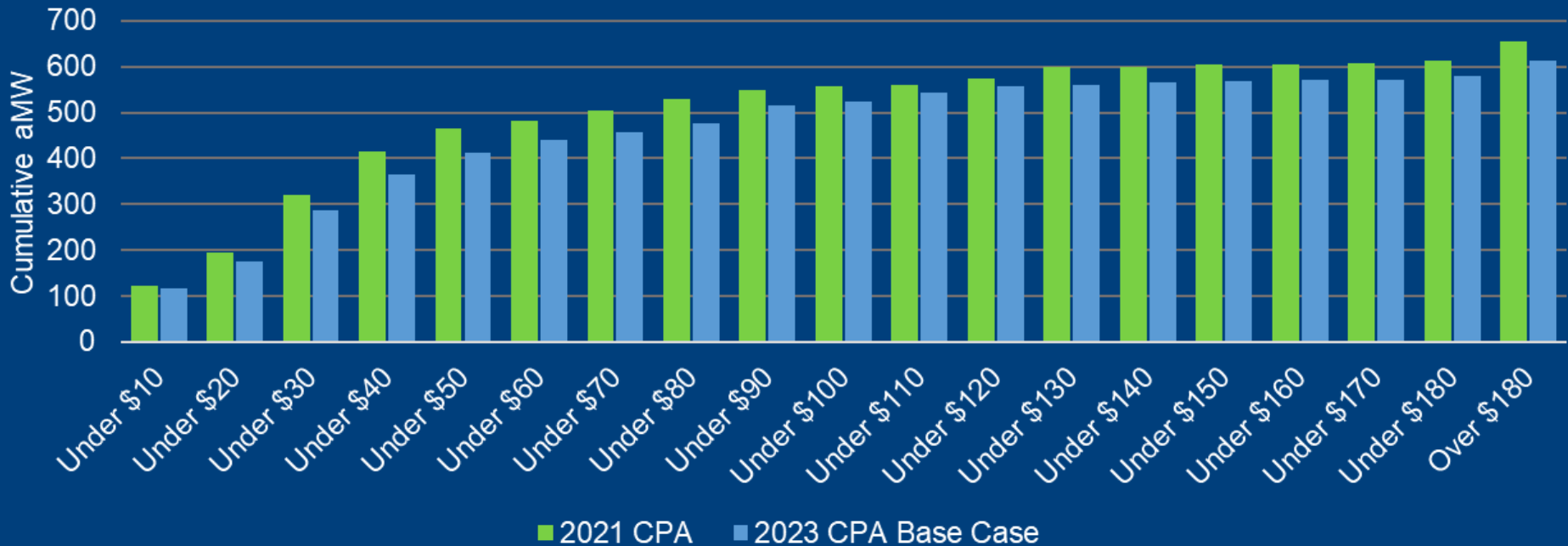
# Commercial Technical Achievable Incremental Potential by End Use Comparison



# Commercial Technical Achievable Cumulative Potential by End Use Comparison



# Commercial 20-Year Supply Curve Comparison





# Commercial Key Findings



## Cost

Limited potential available under \$20/MWh



## Potential

Lighting still significant but less available due to rising baselines

New motor-driven system measures add significant potential

Lower growth rate decreased new construction potential



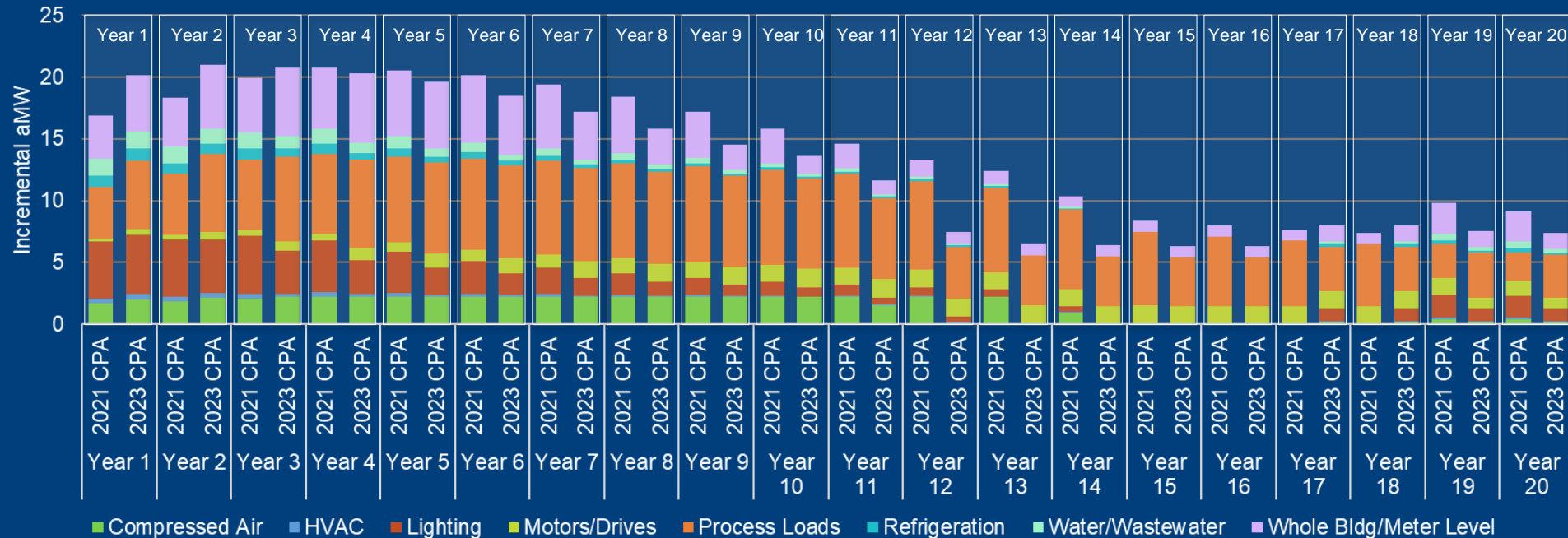
## Pace

Discretionary measure potential decreased from 2-year ramp rate shift

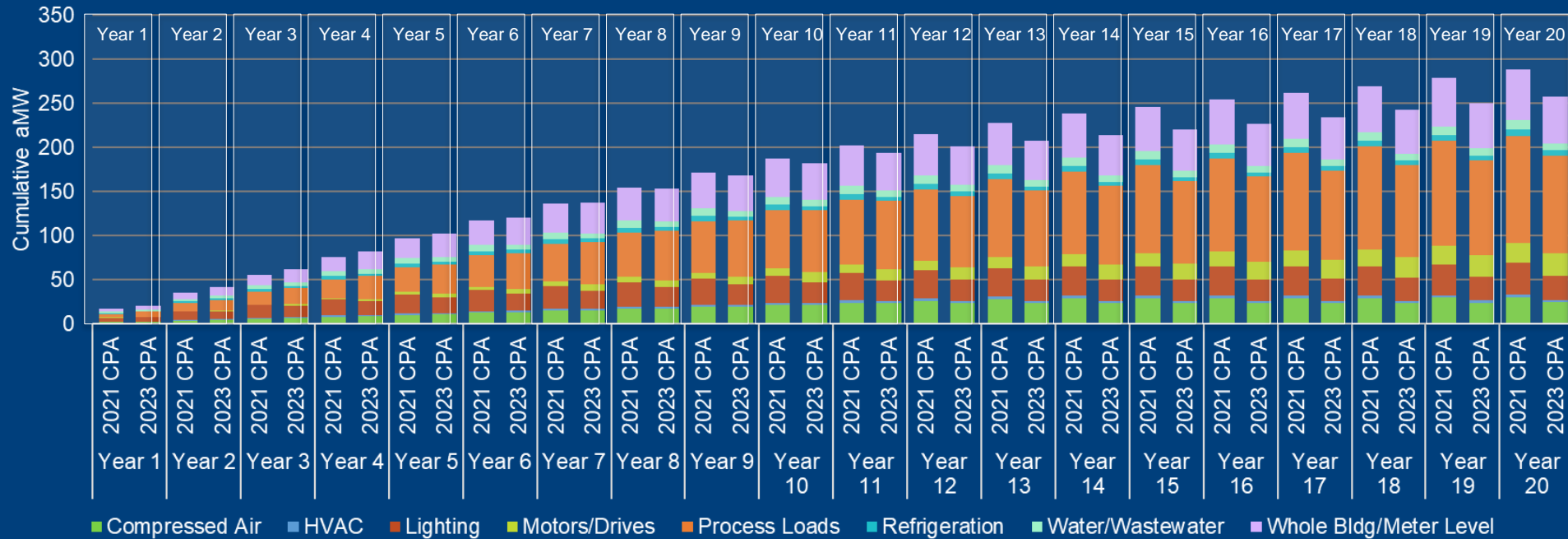
# INDUSTRIAL SECTOR

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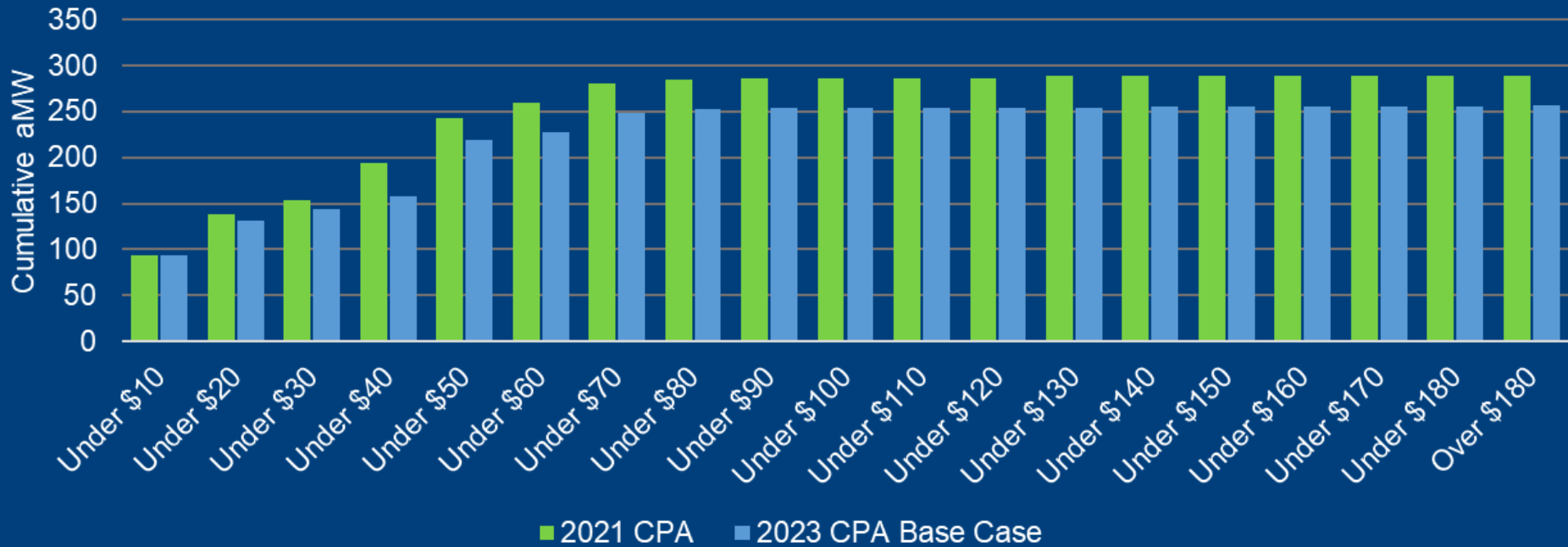
# Industrial Technical Achievable Incremental Potential by End Use Comparison



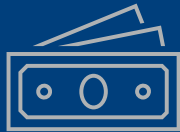
# Industrial Technical Achievable Cumulative Potential by End Use Comparison



# Industrial 20-Year Supply Curve Comparison



# Industrial Key Findings



## Cost

More than two-thirds of potential available under \$40/MWh



## Potential

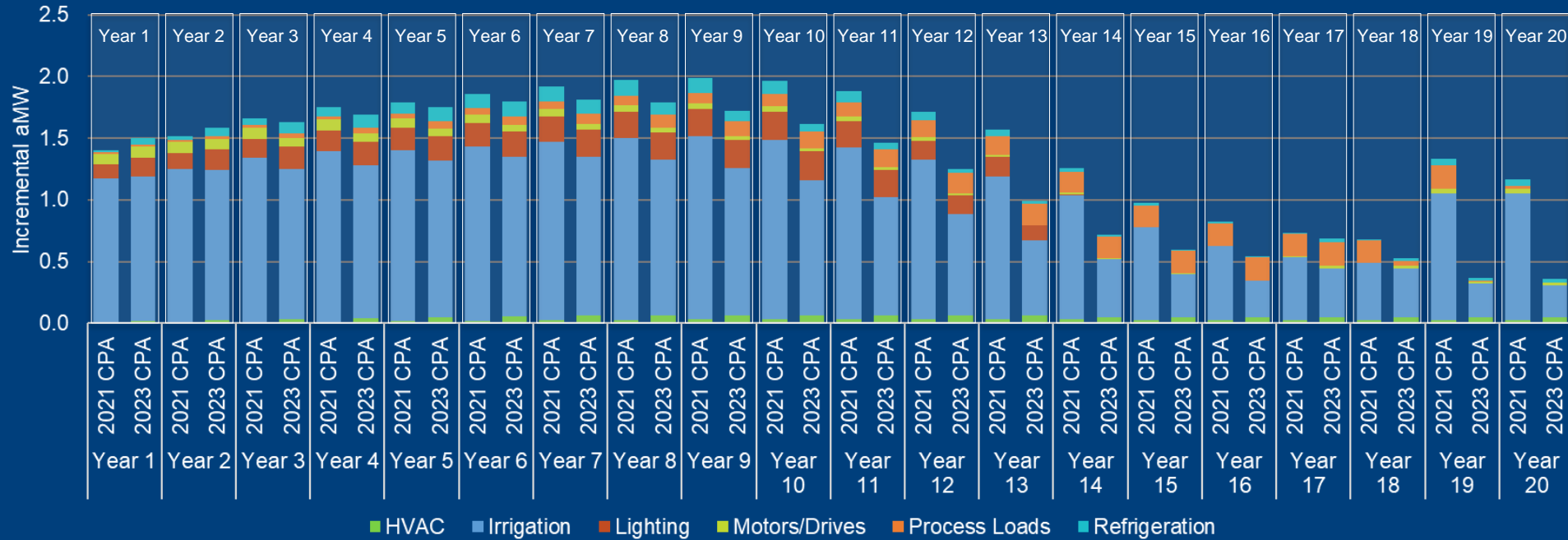
Updated RTF pump and fan savings increase potential

Updated growth rates and ramp rates impact amount and timing of potential

# AGRICULTURAL SECTOR

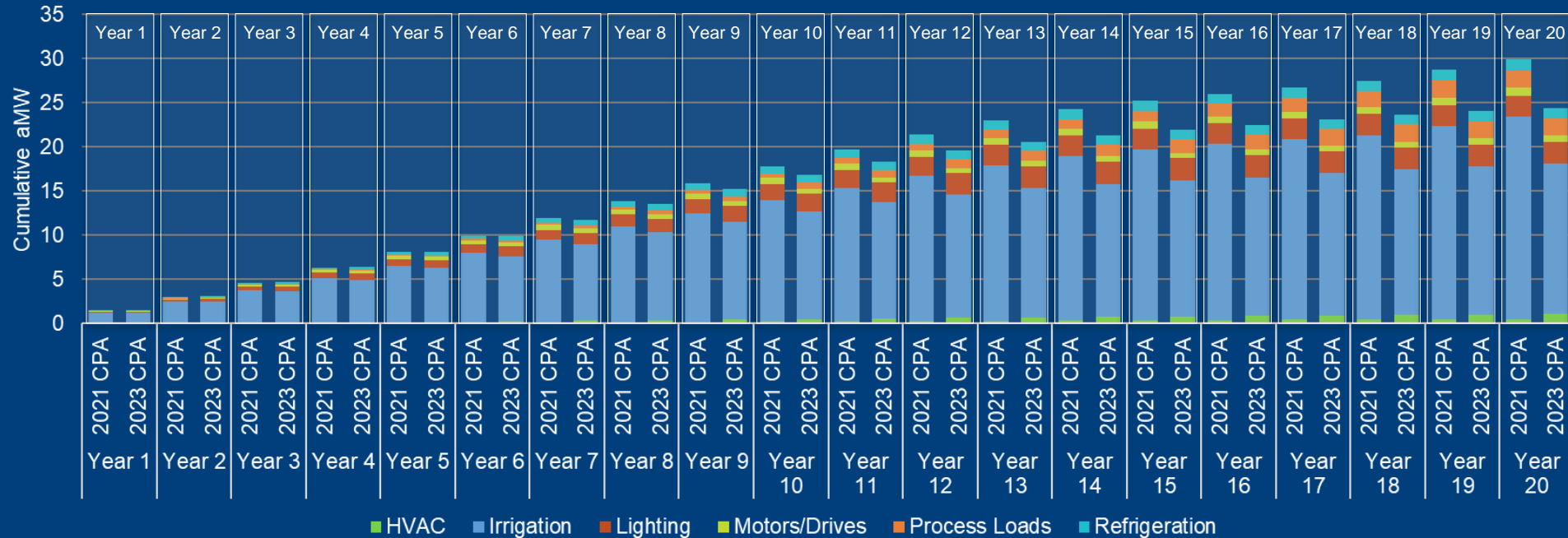
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# Agricultural Technical Achievable Incremental Potential by End Use Comparison

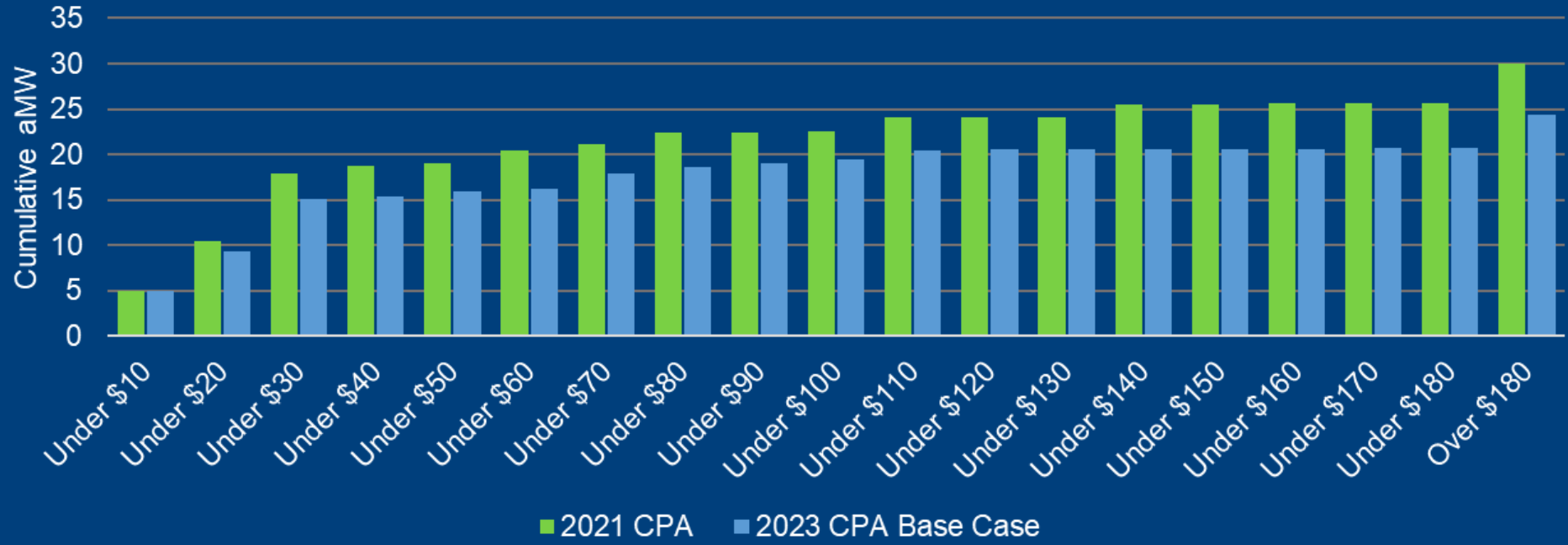




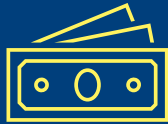
# Agricultural Technical Achievable Cumulative Potential by End Use Comparison



# Agricultural 20-Year Supply Curve Comparison



# Agricultural Key Findings



## Cost

Most of the potential available  
below \$30/MWh



## Potential

Irrigation is more than 75%  
of potential

SWEDE region comprises 25% of  
agricultural potential

# UTILITY SECTOR

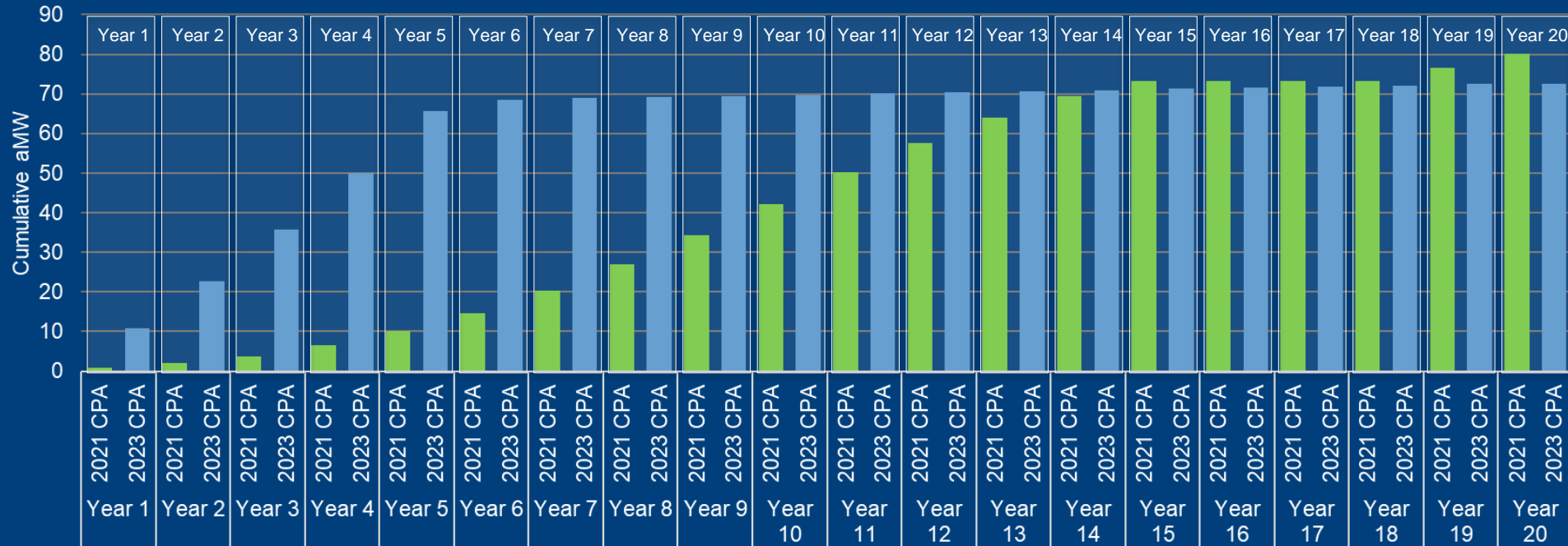
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# Utility Sector Technical Achievable Incremental Potential by End Use Comparison

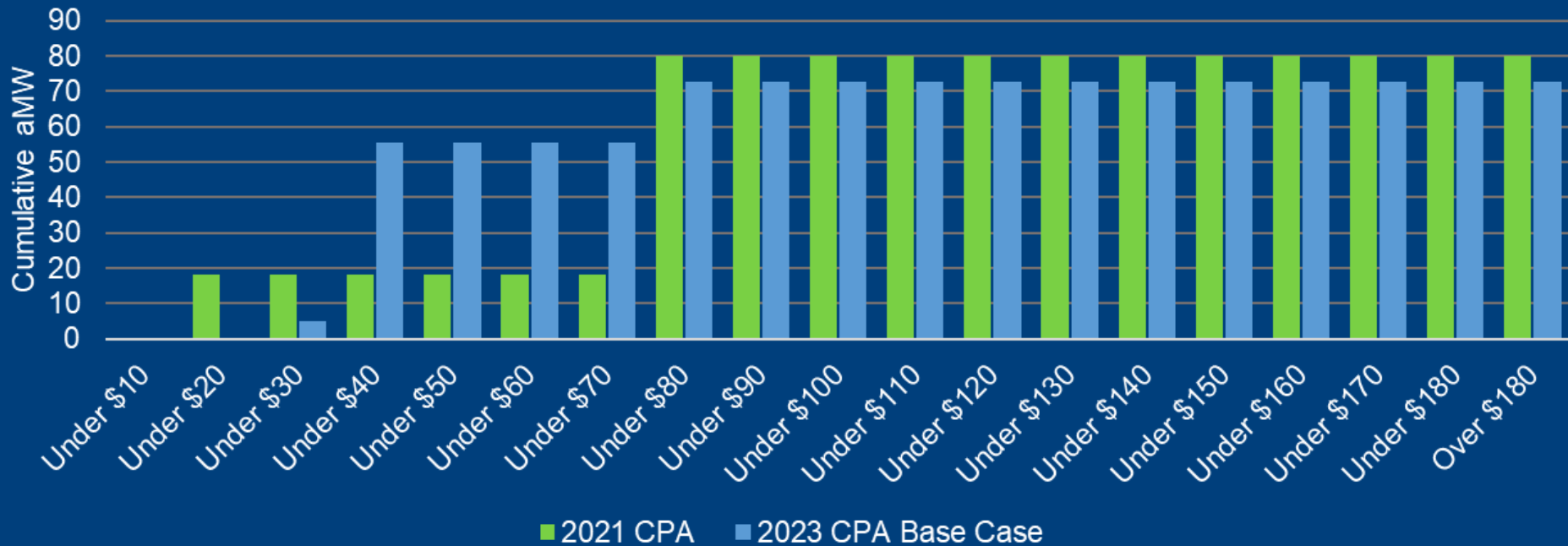


Relative to the 2021 CPA, short term potential increases then declines after year 5 as DVR is introduced.

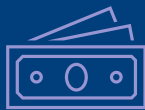
# Utility Sector Technical Achievable Cumulative Potential by End Use Comparison



# Utility Sector 20-Year Supply Curve Comparison



# Utility Sector Key Findings



## Cost

Low-cost potential split between on CVR measure and Daily DVR

Remaining potential is more than \$70/MWh



## Potential

Added market share split with DR product DVR

Increase in ramp rate and inclusion of DVR increases potential in the early years



## Pace

Slow ramp rate assumed in 2021 and 2023 CPA





# CONCLUSIONS

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# Conclusions



Higher potential from DVR and electrification, based on input assumptions.



Summer potential is higher due to air conditioning and irrigation loads.



Some products will realize less potential over time as certain EE measures are adopted.



BPA's Resource Program will determine value of frequent use products based on new hourly inputs.

# Load Sensitivity Analysis

Base Case  
Medium Load Adder

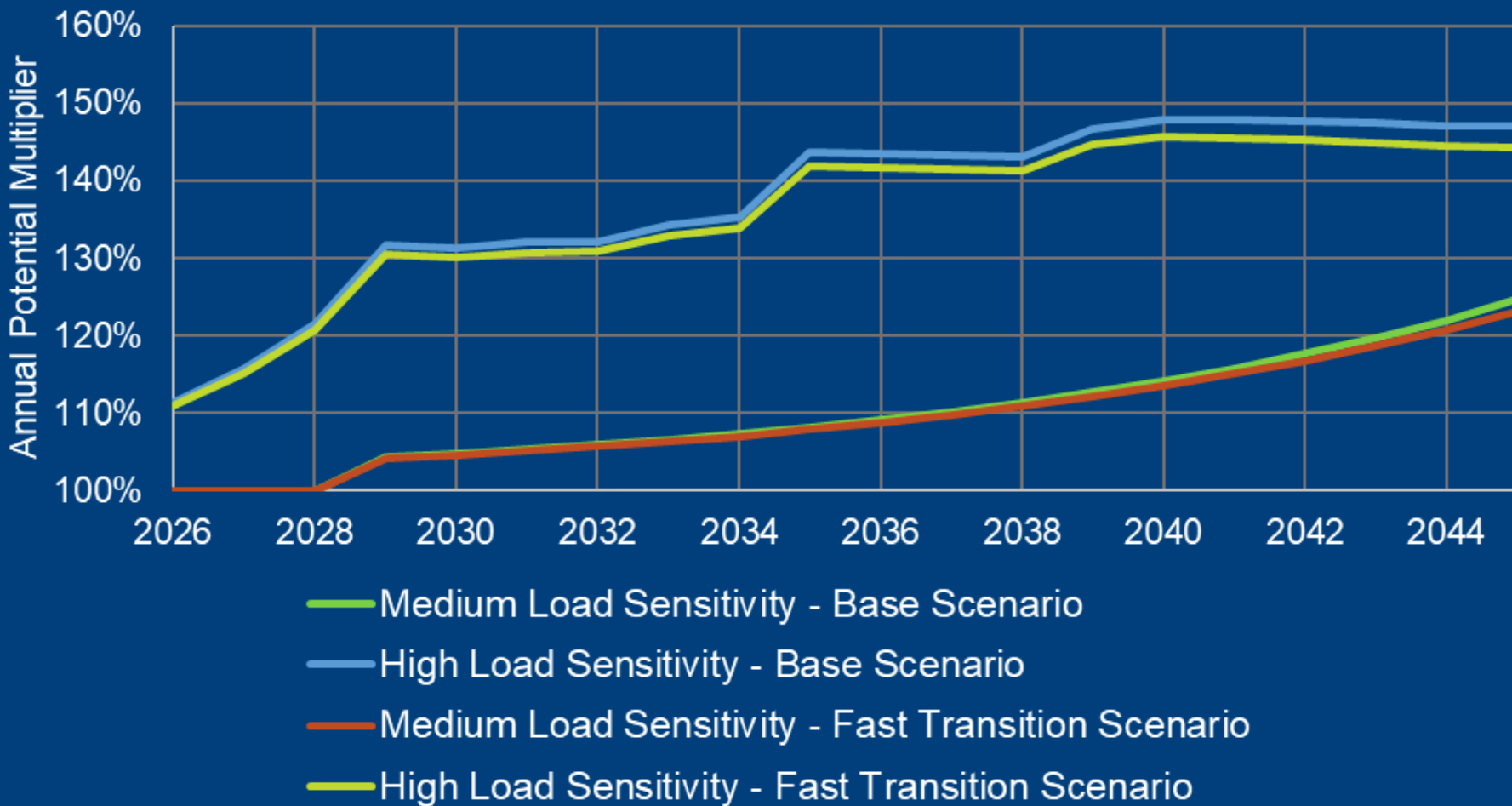
Fast Transition  
Medium Load Adder

Base Case  
High Load Adder

Fast Transition  
High Load Adder

Overall Goal: Allow BPA Resource Program team to determine impact to Resource Program results under different load scenarios.

# Load Sensitivity – Annual Multiplying Factors



# Six-Year CPA Results – Load Sensitivity

<b>Sensitivity Scenario</b>	<b>Six-Year Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential - aMW</b>	
	<b>BPA 2023 CPA Base Case 2026 to 2031</b>	<b>BPA 2023 CPA Fast Transition 2026 to 2031</b>
No Load Adder	893	917
Medium Load Adder	916	940
High Load Adder	1,117	1,138

# 20-Year CPA Results – Load Sensitivity

<b>Sensitivity Scenario</b>	<b>20-Year Cumulative Achievable Technical Potential - aMW</b>	
	<b>BPA 2023 CPA Base Case 2026 to 2045</b>	<b>BPA 2023 CPA Fast Transition 2026 to 2045</b>
No Load Adder	2,096	2,167
Medium Load Adder	2,257	2,327
High Load Adder	2,829	2,893



# NEXT STEPS

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# Resource Program Modeling

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Resource Program  
Results in  
Fall 2024

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BPA-developed resources, including this presentation and the underlying data and workbooks will be made available.

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# QUESTIONS?

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# THANK YOU!

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## CONTACT INFO

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